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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. PREFACE

Welcome to use the **6BXE** motherboard. It is a Pentium[®] II / III / CeleronTM Processor based PC / AT compatible system with AGP / PCI / ISA Bus, and has been designed to be the fastest PC / AT system. There are some new features allow you to operate the system with just the performance you want.

This manual also explains how to install the motherboard for operation, and how to set up your CMOS CONFIGURATION with BIOS SETUP program.

1.2. KEY FEATURES

1 -4	E. RETTEATORES
	Intel Pentium $^{\circledR}$ II / III / Celeron $^{\intercal}$ Processor based PC / AT compatible main board.
	Slot 1 supports Pentium $^\circledR$ II / III / Celeron $^\textmd{TM}$ processor running at 233-650 MHz.
	Intel 440BX chipset, Supports AGP / SDRAM / Ultra DMA33 IDE / Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Power On / ACPI features.
	Supports 4xDIMMs using 3.3V SDRAM DIMM module.
	Supports Intel LDCM [®] Network Manageability.
	Supports 16MB – 1GB SDRAM memory on board.
	Supports ECC or Non-ECC type DRAM module.
	1xAGP slot, 5xPCI Bus slots, 2xISA Bus slots.
	Supports 2 channels Ultra DMA 33 IDE ports for 4 IDE Devices.
	Supports 2xCOM (16550), 1xLPT (EPP / ECP), 1x1.44MB Floppy port.
	Supports 2xUSB ports, 1xPS/2 Mouse & 1xPS/2 Keyboard.
	Licensed AWARD BIOS, 2M bits FLASH RAM.

□ 30.5 cm x 19 cm ATX SIZE form factor, 4 layers PCB.

1.3. PERFORMANCE LIST

The following performance data list is the testing results of some popular benchmark testing programs.

These data are just referred by users, and there is no responsibility for different testing data values gotten by users. (Different Hardware & Software configuration will result in different benchmark testing results.)

• CPU Pentium® II processor

• DRAM (32 x 2) MB SDRAM (MICRON MT 48LC2M8A1 -8)

• CACHE SIZE 512 KB included in CPU

• DISPLAY GA-600 AGP Display Card (4MB SGRAM)

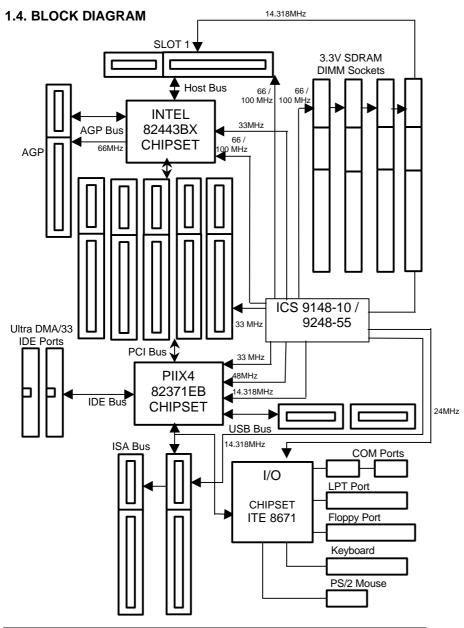
• STORAGE Onboard IDE (IBM DHEA-36480)

• O.S. Windows NT™4.0

• DRIVER Display Driver at 1024 x 768 x 64k colors x 75Hz.

TRIONES Bus Master IDE Driver 3.70

Processor	Intel Pentium [®] II		
1 10003301	300MHz(100x3)	350MHz(100x3.5)	
Winbench98			
CPU mark32	795	952	
FPU Winmark	1560	1850	
Business Disk	1670	1780	
Hi-End Disk	3300	3620	
Business Graphics	165	188	
Hi-End Graphics	183	214	
Winstone98			
Business	29.8	33.8	
Hi-End	31.2	35.3	



1.5. INTRODUCE THE Pentiumâ II / III Processor

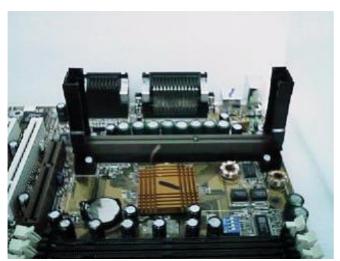


Figure 1: Universal Retention Mechanism & attach Mount



Figure 2:OEM Pentium® II Processor

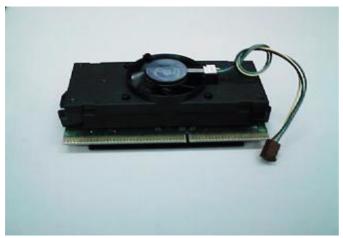


Figure 3: OEM Pentium® III Processor

1.6 What is AGP?

The Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) is a new port on the Host-To-PCI bridge device that supports an AGP port. The main purpose of the AGP port is to provide fast access to system memory.

The AGP port can be used either as fast PCI port (32-bits at 66MHz vs.32-Bits at 33MHz) or as an AGP port which supports 2x data-rate, a read queue, and side band addressing. When the 2x-data rate is used the port can transmit data at 533MB/sec (66.6*2*4). The read-queue can be used to pipeline reads – removing the effects of the reads-latency. Side band addressing can be used to transmit the data address on a separate line in order to speed up the transaction.

2. SPECIFICATION

2.1. HARDWARE

CPU
 Pentium[®] II / III / Celeron[™] processor 233 – 650

MHz.

- 242 pins 66 / 100MHz slot1 on board.

• PROTECTION - Speaker Alarm when detect "CPU FAN Failure" or

"CPU Overheat".

- Automatically slow down CPU speed when "CPU

Overheat".

- Intel LDCM® supported.

 H/W monitor power status (±5V, ±12V, VGTL,5VSB, CPU voltage & CMOS battery

voltage).(Optional)

• SPEED – 66/100 MHz system speed.

- 66 MHz AGP bus speed. (2X mode 133MHz)

– 33 MHz PCI-Bus speed.

8 MHz AT bus speed.

DRAM MEMORY
 4 banks 168 pins DIMM module sockets on board.

- Use 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 MB DIMM module

DRAM.

- 16 ~ 1GB SDRAM.

- Supports 3.3V SDRAM.

 ${\scriptstyle -}$ Supports ECC or Non-ECC type DRAM.

• CACHE MEMORY - 32 KB L1 cache memory included in CPU.

- 128KB / 512 KB L2 cache memory included in

CPU.

- Supports DIB speed mode for L2 Cache.

• I/O BUS SLOTS – 5 33MHz Master / Slave PCI-BUS.

- 2 8MHz 16 bits ISA BUS.

- 1 66MHz / 133MHz AGP bus.

• IDE PORTS – 2 Ultra DMA/33 Bus Master IDE channels onboard.

(Using IRQ14,15)

- Support Mode 3,4 IDE & ATAPI CD - ROM.

• I/O PORTS – Supports 2 16550 COM ports.

- Supports 1 EPP/ECP LPT port.

- Supports 1 1.44 / 2.88 MB Floppy port.

- Supports 2 USB ports.

- Supports PS/2 Mouse & PS/2 Keyboard.

• GREEN FUNCTION - Suspend mode support.

Green switch & ACPI LED support.IDE & Display power down support.

Monitor all IRQ / DMA / Display / I/O events.

• BIOS – 2M bits FLASH RAM.

- Supports Plug & Play, DMI, ACPI Function.

• DIMENSION – ATX Form Factor, 4 layers PCB.

2.2. SOFTWARE

Patch 95 + Suspend to HD .).

• BIOS – Licensed AWARD BIOS.

- AT CMOS Setup, BIOS / Chipset Setup, Green

Setup, Hard Disk Utility included.

• O.S. – Operation with MS-DOS[®], Windows[®]95,

Windows®98, WINDOWS NT™OS/2, NOVELL

and SCO UNIX.

2.3. ENVIRONMENT

Ambient Temp.
 Relative Hum.
 Altitude
 O°C to +50°C (Operating).
 0 to +85% (Operating).
 0 to 10,000 feet (Operating).

• Vibration – 0 to 1,000 Hz.

• Electricity – 4.9 V to 5.2 V. (Max. 20A current at 5V.)

3. HARDWARE INSTALLATION

3.1. UNPACKING

The main board package should contain the following:

- The 6BXE main board.
- Universal Retention Mechanism & Attach Mount
- USER'S MANUAL for main board.
- Cable set for IDE, Floppy devices.
- · Diskette or CD for main board Utility.

The main board contains sensitive electric components, which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the main board should be left in its original packing until it is installed.

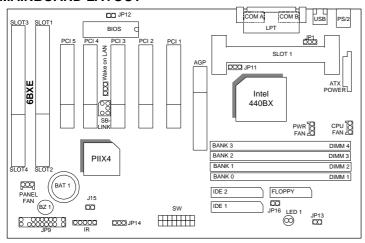
Unpacking and installation should be done on a grounded anti-static mat. The operator should be wearing an anti static wristband, grounded at the same point as the anti-static mat.

Inspect the main board carton for obvious damage. Shipping and handling may cause damage to your board. Be sure there are no shipping and handling damages on the board before proceeding.

After opening the main board carton, extract the system board and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface component side up. Again inspect the board for damage. Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly seated. Do this only on with the board placed on a firm flat surface.

● DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED.

3.2. MAINBOARD LAYOUT



≺Figure 3.1≻

3.3. QUICK REFERENCE FOR JUMPERS & CONNECTORS

♦ I/O Ports Connector		
USB	USB port.	
IDE 1	For Primary IDE port.	
IDE 2	For Secondary IDE port.	
PS/2	For PS/2 Keyboard port.	
PS/2	For PS/2 Mouse port.	
Floppy	For Floppy port	
COM B	For Serial port2 (COM B).	
COM A	For Serial port1 (COM A).	
LPT	For LPT port.	

♦ 5	Slot 1	
For	For Pentium [®] II / III / Celeron™ Processor installed	

◆ CPU FAN : CPU Cooling FAN Power Connector		
Pin No.	Function	
1	GND.	
2	+12V	
3	SENSE	

◆ POWER FAN : POWER FAN Power Connector			
Pin No.	Function		
1	GND.		
2	+12V		
3	SENSE		

◆ PANEL FAN: PANEL FAN Power Connector		
Pin No.	Function	
1	GND.	
2	+12V	
3	SENSE	

♦ J15 : System After Ac Back		
Open	Soft Off	
Short	Full On	

◆ JP1 : Keyboard Power On Selection		
Pin No.	. Function	
1-2	Enabled Keyboard power on.	
2-3	Disabled Keyboard power on.	

♦ JP11 : System Acceleration					
Pin No. Function					
1-2 short	For 100MHz Turbo and other frequencies				
2-3 short	For 100MHz Normal				

♦ Wake on LAN: Wake on LAN Connector						
Pin No. Function						
1	+5VSB					
2	GND					
3	CTRL-Signal					

♦ SB-LINK : For PCI Sound Card Connector					
Pin No.	Function				
1	Signal				
2	GND				
3	NC				
4	Signal				
5	GND				
6	Signal				

♦ JP12 : CASE OPEN (Optional)					
Pin No.	Function				
1	Signal				
2	GND				

♦ IR: INFRARED Connector (Optional)						
Pin No.	Function					
1	IR DATA OUTPUT					
2	GND					
3	IR DATA INPUT					
4	NC					
5	POWER(+)					

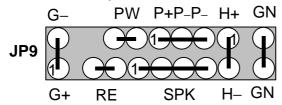
♦ JP14 : CLEAR CMOS						
Pin No.	Function					
1-2 short	Clear CMOS					
2-3 short	Normal					

♦ JP13 : Suspend To RAM (Optional)					
Pin No. Function					
Short	t Enable Suspend to RAM Function.				
Open	Normal Operation.				

◆ JP16 : External STR LED (Optional)					
Pin No. Function					
1	LED (+)				
2	LED (-)				

♦ LED1 : Onboard STR LED (Optional)						
Pin No. Function						
1	LED (+)					
2	LED (-)					

JP9: 2*11PIN Jumper



PW: Soft Power Connector

Open: Normal Operation Short: Power On/Off

RE: Reset Switch

Open: Normal Operation

Short: For Hardware Reset System

P+P-P-: Power LED

PIN 1 : anode (+) PIN 2 : cathode (-)

PIN 2 : cathode (–)

SPK: External Speaker Connector

PIN 1 : VCC (+)
PIN 2 : VCC

PIN 3 : Data PIN 4 : Data (-)

SPK: Internal Speaker Connector (Default)

PIN 1 : VCC (+) PIN 2-PIN3 : Short PIN 4: Data (-)

H+H-: IDE Hard Disk Active LED

PIN 1: LED anode (+)
PIN 2: LED cathode (-)

GN: Green Function Switch

Open : Normal operation
Short : Entering Green Mode

G-G+: Green LED

PIN 1 : LED anode (+) PIN 2 : LED cathode (–)

3.4. DRAM INSTALLATION

The main board can be installed with 16/32/64/128/256 MB 168 pins DIMM module DRAM, and the DRAM speed must be $67\sim100$ MHz for SDRAM when system bus speed is set to 66MHz. When system bus speed is set to 100MHz, 100MHz SDRAM is required. The DRAM memory system on main board consists of bank 0, 1, 2 & bank 3.

Since 168 pins DIMM module is 64 bits width, therefore 1 piece of DIMM module may match a 64 bits system. The total memory size is 16 MB \sim 1GB SDRAM. The DRAM installation position refer to Figure 3.1, and notice the Pin 1 of DIMM module must match with the Pin 1 of DIMM socket. Insert the DRAM DIMM module into the DIMM socket at Vertical angle. If there is a wrong direction of Pin 1, the DRAM DIMM module could not be inserted into socket completely.

3.5. CPU SPEED SETUP

The system bus speed can be set to 66 / 100 MHz form the DIP SWITCH (**SW**). The user can change the DIP SWITCH selection to set up the CPU speed for different processors.

ON: O OFF: X

CPU Type	S\M1	SW2	S\N/3	SWA	S\ <i>N</i> /5	S\//6	S\ <i>N</i> /7	S\\\\8
OI O Type	0 * * 1	0112	0110	OVV	0113	0110	0 1 1 1	0110

Pentium® II 233 MHz (Celeron™ 233MHz)	Х	Х	0	0	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium® II 266 MHz (Celeron™ 266MHz)	0	0	Х	0	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium® II 300 MHz (Celeron™ 300MHz)	Х	0	Х	0	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium [®] II 333 MHz (Celeron™ 333MHz)	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium® II 366 MHz (Celeron™ 366MHz)	Х	Х	Х	0	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium® II 400 MHz (Celeron™ 400MHz)	0	0	0	Х	0	Х	×	0
Pentium [®] II 433 MHz (Celeron™ 433MHz)	Х	0	0	Х	0	Х	Х	0
Pentium® II 350 MHz	Х	Х	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pentium® II 400 MHz	0	0	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pentium® III 450 MHz	Х	0	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pentium® III 500 MHz	0	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
Pentium® III 550 MHz	Х	Χ	Χ	0	Χ	Х	Х	Х
Pentium® III 600 MHz	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Pentium® III 650 MHz	Χ	0	0	Χ	×	×	×	×

The CPU is a sensitive electric component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity, so users must keep it away from metal surface when the CPU is installed onto main board.

3.6. CMOS RTC & ISA CFG CMOS SRAM

There're RTC & CMOS SRAM on board; they have a power supply from external battery to keep the DATA inviolate & effective. The RTC is a REAL-TIME CLOCK device, which provides the DATE & TIME to system. The CMOS SRAM is used for keeping the information of system configuration, so the system can automatically boot OS every time. Since the lifetime of internal battery is 5 years, the user can change a new Battery to replace old one after it cannot work.

- ♠ Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

3.7. SPEAKER CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

There is a speaker in AT system for sound purpose. The 4 - Pins connector **SPK** is used to connect speaker. Anode connects +, Cathode connects -.

3.8. HARDWARE RESET SWITCH CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

The RESET switch on panel provides users with HARDWARE RESET function. The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed and released by user. The RESET switch is a 2 PIN connector and should be installed to **RE** on main board.

3.9. POWER LED CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

System has Power LED lamp on the panel of case. The Power LED will light on off or flash to indicate which step on the system. The connector should be connected to **PW** of main board in correct direction.

3.10. IDE & ATAPI DEVICE INSTALLATION

There are two-Enhanced PCI IDE ports (IDE1, IDE2) on board, which following ATAPI standard SPEC. Any one IDE port can connected to two ATAPI devices (IDE Hard Disk, CD-ROM & Tape Driver), so total four ATAPI devices can exist in a system. The **HD** is the active LED port for ATAPI devices.

3.11. PERIPHERAL DEVICE INSTALLATION

After the I/O device installation and jumpers setup, the main board can be mounted into the case and fixed by screw. To complete the main board installation, the peripheral device could be installed now. The basic system needs a display interface card. If the PCI - Bus device is to be installed in the system, any one of four PCI - Bus slots can be used.

3.12. KEYBOARD & PS/2 MOUSE INSTALLATION

The main board supports PS/2 Mouse (J2). The BIOS will auto detect whether the PS/2 Mouse is installed or not & assign IRQ12 for PS/2 Mouse port if it is installed. After installing the peripheral device, the user should

check everything again, and prepare to power-on the system.